

Table of Contents

- Booklets (Carnets)
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Several issues over time

- First issued 1900
- Five centimes premium over two franc stamp value
- Booklets in this period were all 110
 x 60 mm outer dimensions
- Single staple holds double pane in place

Administration des Postes et des Télégraphes.

Carnet de 20 Figurines à 0 f. 10.

PRIX: 2 f. 05.

First Booklet



Interior pane

- Thin lettering
- Catalog lists variety where sower contrasts more with background
- No marginal notations inside

First Booklet

Full double pane



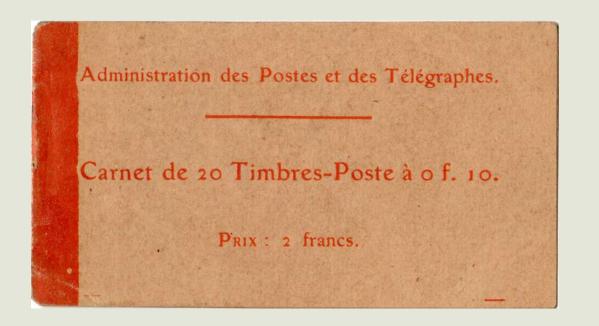
Second Booklet

Price reduced

- Handstamp applied to show new two franc price, no longer a premium for booklet
- Issued May 1, 1910
- Same 20-stamp pane inside
- Also a private six-stamp booklet (Belle jardinière) not in Kindler's collection



Third Booklet



Reprinted cover

- Two franc price printed on cover
- Retouched design stamps thicker lettering
- Also (rare) white paper used for stamps

Third Booklet

1910 Thick lettering

Same single staple to fasten pane in booklet



Third Booklet

Few color shades

Hard to differentiate with scans



Pale red, mottled ink



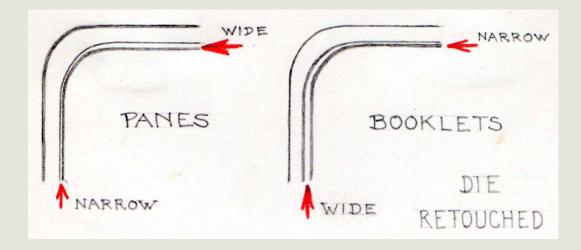
Darker red



Rare Booklet

Booklet on GC paper

- Diagram shows how to distinguish booklet or sheet stamp
 - Frame line spacing
 - Shading line in right hand





Rare Booklet

Portion of GC paper booklet

- Kindler states only one other piece known
- Frame line spacing narrow at top, wide at sides, especially right side
- Shading line in right hand hard to see, but there is a broken line on all three stamps



Rare Booklet



Portion of GC paper booklet

- Frame line spacing and broken hand also show on this pair
- Difficult to see in scan because of paper quality
- Features are not present on GC paper pane shown in Part I of Kindler's collection

1918 New Booklet

Printed on Paper X

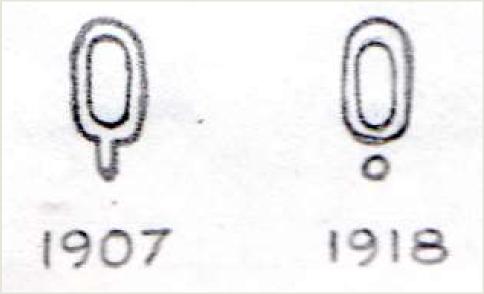
- New die just for booklets (see next slide)
- Paper X acquired just for booklets
 - Very opaque
 - White color, white gum
- Selvage only on left side

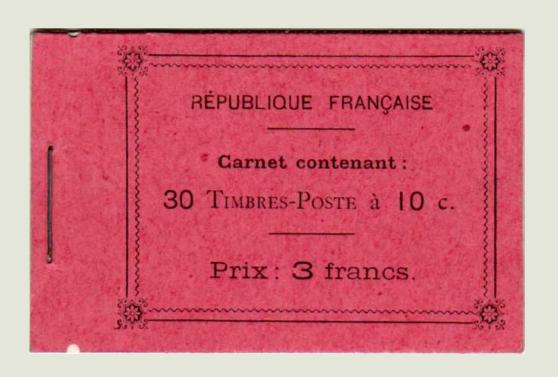


Detail of new design

 Easiest feature to see is tail of "Q" separate from body







Complete booklet

- Thirty stamps in five panes of six stamps each
- No surcharge for booklet

Partial sheet

- Printed as three panes per sheet, 144 stamps total
- Each pane was three across, 16 rows (48 stamps)
- Note holes in selvage lined up with each row



Partial sheet

- A few sheets were sold to the public
- These were broken up and sold
- Philatelists could then determine how the stamps were printed for the booklets



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Limited issues

- Perforated on all four sides
- Machine-cut vertically
- Strips of six or more "prove" coil
- Maximum is 15 stamps in column

Strip of 12

• Fragile perforations!!

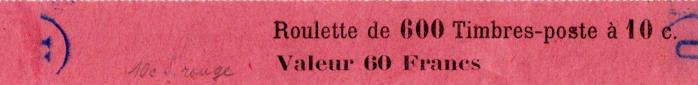
Minimum needed to prove it is a coil strip



Coils

Couple of nice collectibles

Used coil strip of six



- Coil leader strip from 600 stamp roll (note that it is perforated on top and bottom, "sides" of enclosed coil stamps)
- Approx. 5.75" (14.5 cm) long, implies diameter of coil was a bit more than 1.75" (4.5 cm)



Coils

A Rarity

- Remember sheet stamps are printed in six panes of 25 stamps, two across and three tall
- Selvage between panes
- This gutter is coil issue six stamps tall and two millésimes in gutter



Coils

Another Rarity

- Bottom rows of stamps printed as coils.
- Plates adjusted to print stamps in panes of 75 (5 x 15),
- Results in two extra rows at bottom rather than between panes



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Temporary overprint

- 600,000 printed
- Issued August 18, 1914, fifteen days after Germany declared war on France (Spink/Maury 2019 seems to have this stamp and the next reversed)
- Withdrawn October 1918
- First French semi-postal



Only millésime

Temporary overprint

- Thin five variety
- Several other cataloged varieties
 - Paper
 - Inverted surcharge
 - Double perforations





Normal

Thin "5"



Redesign

- Issued September 1914
- In use through 1917 (Spink/Maury says October 1918)
- Second French semi-postal
- Proceeds went to Red Cross

Printed for three years

- Unknown quantities printed
- Millésimes for each year





Redesign

- In 1916 a few sheets printed on light yellow version of GC paper
- Considered very scarce, not catalogued separately in Spink / Maury



Booklet

- Prepared only from redesigned stamps, not temporary surcharges
- Stamp vignettes are slightly wider and taller than sheet stamps

Booklet pane

Unknown quantity printed



Booklet pane stamps

- January 23, 1916
- Probably from husband to wife
- Beausoleil, France, is a bedroom community for folks who work in Monaco



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Not issued to the public

- Experimental paper
- Not perforated or officially sold to the public



Thin, experimental paper









More imperforate examples

 Came to public through unauthorized leaks from PTT printing plant



ANNULÉ (canceled) overprint

- Overprinted in 1911
- Used at postal school to train postal employees
- Overprinted again in 1923 but 10 centime Sower no longer current, so not included

Booklet



- ANNULÉ handstamped in violet
- As with stamps, used for training postal employees

Carnet de 20 Timbres-Postc à 0 f. 10.

PRIX: 2 francs.

ANNULE

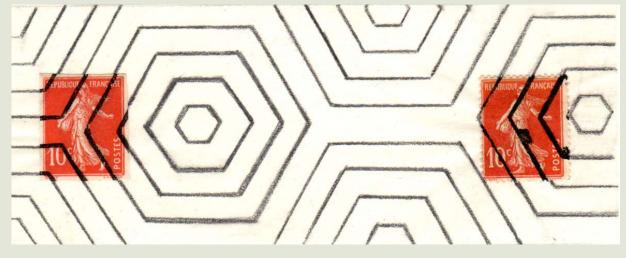
ANNULÉ, etc.

Marked for destruction

- Concentric hexagon used by government to cancel defective stamps
- Intended for burning at Bank of France







On bluish paper that didn't scan well

ANNULÉ, etc.

Marked for destruction

 Colors not quite true, but definitely not the correct color for this stamp





ANNULÉ, etc.

Postage due

- Handstamped with "T" in triangle indicating a "taxe" is due
- Not issued to public
- Authorized in 1917 in a few offices as result of wartime emergency / shortages







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Pseudo thin line

- 1916 variety called "pseudo thin line" variety
- Probably just inking, but still curious



Normal 1916 printing

Postally used color essay

- Known color essay, "raspberry" hue
- Perforated by government
- Should have hexagon destruction cancel, then burned
- Probably stolen, used in mail
- Paste remains on reverse
- Partial "192_, 2 1" CDS on face







Red Cross overprints

- All doubled overprints were privately made
- There is a recognized inverted overprint but not doubled

F.M. on thin line stamp

- These overprints only authorized on thick line stamps
- Has appearance of rubber stamp, not metal
- Also not straight





Lorulot forgeries

- At least five different forgers attacked this stamp
- Lorulot prepared his in 1912
- He was an anarchist, arrested in his home with 30,000 stamps
- Sentenced in 1914 to six months in prison

Another Lurolot forgery

- Giveaway is line perforations rather than comb
- Also less shading in Sower
- Good description of forgeries at <u>Classic Stamp Forgeries:</u> France "Semeuse" Sower







Encased stamps

- As in American and Spanish civil wars, used as emergency currency in WW I
- Presumed "rubbing" of reverse encased postage glued to page
- More than one type exists

Flim-flam

- Fantasy surcharge allegedly for use in Guadeloupe, West Indies
- French term, if used, would have been "Antilles"





Curiosity

- Essay overprint prepared in 1915 in anticipation of the rapid recovery of Alsace-Lorraine, the principal war aim of France in WW I
- Never issued, probably because the war continued far longer than expected
- France annexed Alsace during the interim between WW I and WWII

Cinderella

- Stamp reduced to about 8 x 10 mm, glued on larger "stamp," about 22 x 50 mm
- Sold to raise funds to benefit blind soldiers





Curiosity

- Prepared by the Galeries Lafayette
- Sold as souvenir or as postage to mail a letter or postcard
- Galeries Lafayette is now a great enclosed shopping mall in Paris

Bisect

- June 12, 1920, from Clement-Ferrand to Geneva, Switzerland
- Paid correct 25 centimes letter rate
- Went through postal system, no postage due assessed

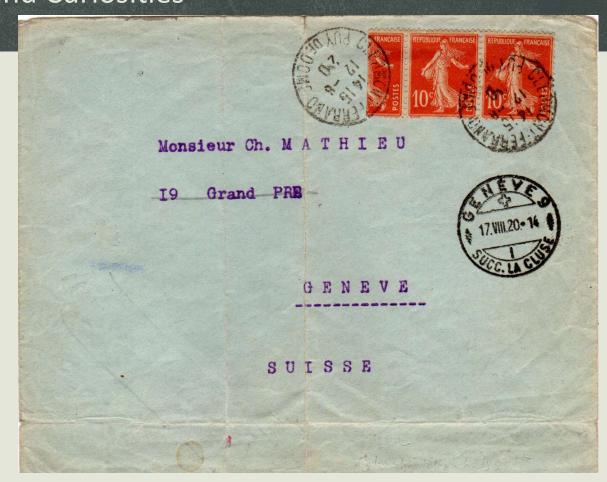


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F.M. Overprints

Military Franchise stamps

- Also applied to lined sower stamps
- Not required because soldiers could just write "F.M." on their letters
- First prepared in 1907, last used in 1929



F.M. Overprints



Millésimes

Printed each year 1907 through 1916 except 1909







F.M. Overprints

Varieties





Imperforate



Pair with fading "S" in POSTES



Inverted overprint



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Castellorizo

- "Occupation Navale Française"
- Authorized in 1920 by order of the naval administrator
- Occupied by French in 1915, ceded to Italy in 1921
- Handstamp version frequently faked
- All French overprints considered speculative







Cilicia

- Ceded to France after WW I, then
 French Syria, then to Turkey (1923)
- Several 1920 printings
- First issue thin "O.M.F." and 20 PARAS on one line

Cilicia

- Second 1920 surcharge
- Thicker "O.M.F."
- "20 PARAS" on two lines



Type I

- 200,000 printed
- Reported difference is 2 mm spacing
- Spacing appears different on left and right stamps



Type II

- 400,000 printed
- Reported difference is 1 mm spacing



Type I inverted



Wrong value

"Cilicie" left justified

Inverted

Cilicia

- Several errors resulted
- 10 para error exists only inverted

Cilicia

- Third 1920 surcharge
- "SAND. EST" added for "Eastern Country" or Sandjak
- Prepared but never issued



Levant

- France was one of six powers granted post offices in Ottoman Empire
- Open 1812 through 1923 except during WW I
- These stamps surcharged in 1920





Levant

- Unrecorded overprint variety
- Vertical spacing is 1 mm narrower,
- Width of "20 PARAS" is ¾ mm narrower



Levant

- March 26, 1923, handstamped provisional issue
- Authorized by Consul General Santi
- Shortage of stamps, in use five days
- New stamps arrived March 31





Memel

- Detached from Germany by Treaty of Versailles (1919)
- Allied Powers commission governed until 1923
- Lithuania forcibly occupied
- Became part of semi-autonomous district of Lithuania in 1924



1.4 million stamps printed in Paris Issued July 7, 1920



Memel

- April 1921
- Additional surcharge applied in Memel

Memel

- April 1922
- 143,000 stamps prepared in Paris
- Part of long set reflecting hyperinflation
- "MEMEL" italicized



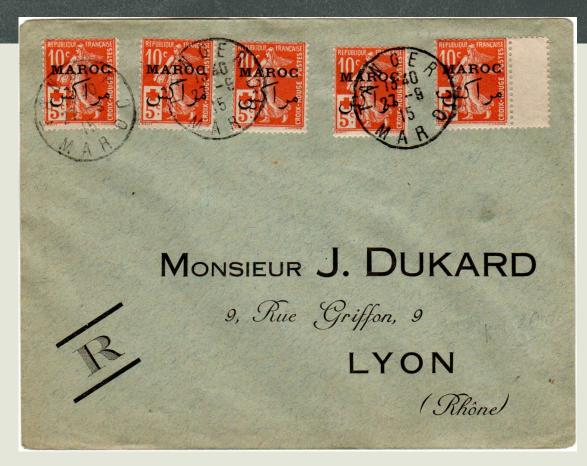
Morocco

- Redesigned Red Cross issue
- Issued September 13, 1915
- Demonetized April 1, 1921
- Intended for simple letters and postcards



Morocco

- September 27, 1915, two weeks after issue
- Tanger to Lyon
- Not handled as registered, may not have gone through the mail
- Quite possibly philatelic



Syria

- Created after WW I
- French occupied for 2 years
- French Mandate from 1922 to 1934

Type I

9,000 printed, issued 21 Nov 1919

"T[erritoires] E[nnemis] O[ccupés]





Type II May 1920



Syria

- Second type printed locally
- Occupation Militaire Française, "Syrie" added
- Handset plate
- Many minor varieties resulted (tilted "2" shown here)

Syria

Type III
Misplaced surcharge



Syria

- Type III issued November 21, 1920
- 15,000 printed
- (Scott shows this issue earlier than Type II)





Type IV

Millésime

Syria

- Type IV prepared locally, issued 1921
- Again, careless plate preparation and printing
- Many varieties resulted

Syria

Type IV errors



Double surcharge



Inverted surcharge



Inverted "S" in "CENTIEMES"

End of Part II

Next will be postal history and may include other interesting items as they appear in the cartons

Main resource:

Spink/Maury 2019 Catalogue de Timbres de France

Any questions or comments at this point?

 Remember that a scan of Kindler's album is available on our website
 Sower Album.pdf (franceandcolonies.org)

